

UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Bond Savings Composite November 4, 2011 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Bond S	UBL Bond Savings Composite			30-Jun-12
					icy: Pak Rupees
- 71	Total Net Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	2.2	<5	731	1.0	70,234
FY17	5.2	<5	732	1.0	UNDS Adv 76,490
FY16	12.0	6	1,923	3.6	53,854
FY15	20.1	<5	1,509	3.5	42,838
FY14	8.5	<5	555	1.3	41,848
FY13	11.5	<5	843	2.4	34,638
FY12*	5.8	<5	535	1.1	47,792

Compliance Statement

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether

(1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis and
(2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards. Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Bond Savings Composite is to provide investors with competitive returns by investing in debt market securities. The composite primarily invests in debt securities. Currently, the composite only comprises UBL Retirement Savings Fund-Debt Sub Fund (URSF-DSF).

Benchmark

Currently no Benchmark has been assigned to UBL Bonds Saving Composite.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Management Fee is 1.5% p.a. (URSF-DSF)

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

	For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
UBL	For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five for the entire (full) year therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Significant Event

- 1. The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 4.7340 million for URSF DSF as at December 31, 2016.
- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan. Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

4. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 2.82 million in URSF-DSF as at December 31, 2017.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite as of each year end is as follows:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	1.75%
FY17	2.22%
FY16	2.32%
FY15	2.20%
on:	n Ma

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

Financial instruments All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



The Composite does not contain any investment of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited (Parent Company of UBL Fund Managers Limited) as at December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment for Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment unless any SMA is recognized as tax-exempted by the Commissioner of Income Tax. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Capital Protected Composite April 15, 2008 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Capita	UBL Capital Protected Composite			15-Apr-10
					cy: Pak Rupees
1	Total Net Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	-1.1	<5	421	0.6	70,234
FY17***	1.7	<5	427	0.6	76,490
FY12**	6.3	<5	Savings	Mutijal El	1105 ACV147,792
FY11	8.0	<5	205	0.8	26,165
FY10	9.5	<5	787	3.9	19,874
FY09	4.2	<5	730	3.1	23,777
FY08*	-1.4	<5	689	2.4	28,400
*Returns are from April 15, **Only surviving portfolio in *** Returns are from 26 Jan	the composite matured	on 22 nd May 201	12		

Compliance Statement

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of the UBL Funds Capital Protected Composite is to protect the principal investment of the investors and aggressively participate in equity market to provide investors a high level of total return. The composite has the objective to pay investors, with certain conditions whole of their initial investment back over the term of its life in form dividend or return of capital on its termination. Currently, the composite comprises of only Funds i.e UBL Capital Protected Fund – III (UCPF-III).

Benchmark

No benchmark has been assigned to this composite.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

1) As a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above developments regarding the applicability of Sindh WWF on Mutual Funds, the MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on these matters and based on such legal advice (which also stated that even if a review petition is filed by any party, such petition can only be based on very limited grounds and the chances of any major change in the SCP judgment are very limited), has recommended to all its members on January 12, 2017 to start making the provision of Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund.

Accordingly, only SWWF provision has been recorded in UCPF-III* amounting to Rs. 0.14mn4 million as at December 31, 2017. * Date of Inception: January 26, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses. (Please refer to Schedule)

Fee schedule

The fee on the portfolio is based on the asset allocation between equity and money market/ fixed income funds which changes on daily basis. Further, Management Fee of 1% p.a. on the value of underlying Funds not managed by UBL Fund Managers.

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement
	to start a fund)

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



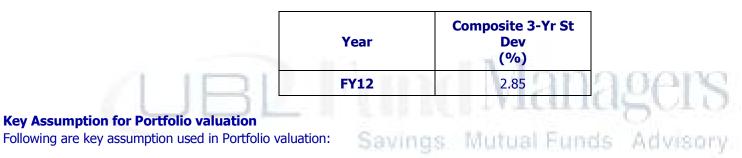
F	or SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:



Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Propriety Assets in the Composite

The Composite neither contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited nor UBL Bank Limited (UBL Fund Managers Limited parent company) as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax stated, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fund Managers Limited UBL Commodity Composite February 13, 2013 through March 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Comm	UBL Commodity Composite			13-Feb-13		
		Reporting Currency: Pak Rupe					
	Total Net Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)		
9MFY17**	-8.6	<5	0	0	76,490		
FY16	13.6	<5	133	0.2	53,854		
FY15	-6.0	<5	139	0.3	42,838		
FY14	12.9	<5	138	0.3	41,848		
FY'13*	-17.1	<5	140	0.4	34,638		
FY'13* *Returns are from February 1 ** The only portfolio in the co	3, 2013 to June 30, 2	013					

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Commodity Composite is to provide Unit-holders exposure to Gold as an asset class by investing significant portion of Fund's net assets in Gold based instruments, while investing the remaining portion in high-rated money market instruments. As at March 31, 2017 the composite comprise of Nil Portfolio. Due to redemption of seed capital, the UBL Gold Fund (UGF) does not qualify the criteria for inclusion in composite as fund size is below Rs. 100mn as of March 31, 2017. Further, the fund size remained below 100m till June 30, 2017.

Since the Fund (UGF) is no longer commercially viable and the purpose cannot be accomplished therefore pursuant to the provision of 45A(d) of NBFC Regulations, 2008, and sub-clause 10.4(iv) of the Offering Document of UGF, UBL Fund Managers Limited revoked the scheme with the consent of Trustee. The fund revoked on August 02, 2017 in accordance with the Procedure provided in Regulation 45B of NBFC Regulations, 2008.

Benchmark

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory (a) 80% Daily Closing Pakistan Rupee Spot Gold Prices at the Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Limited (PMEX) and

(b) 20% Average of three (3) month deposit rates of five (5), AA and above rated scheduled commercial banks for the period of return;

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

1. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes /mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. In July 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab -initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds. On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC. During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought on the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC. Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF. The amount of WWF was Rs. 0.3245 Million as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



- 4. As of March 31, 2017, UBL Gold Fund (UGF) has been removed from the composite since it does not qualify the criteria for inclusion in the composite as minimum portfolio size is less than Rs. 100 million.
- 5. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and

ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 0.32 million in UGF as at July 31, 2017. The Fund revoked / cease to carry on its business w.e.f. August 02, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Management Fee is: 1.50%

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite as of each year end is as follows:

	U IVICIII	agur
Yearaving	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	ds Advisor
9MFY17	12.19%	
FY16	13.39%]

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established. Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

Since, the fund ceased to exist (revoked), the Composite does not contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited (UBL Fund Managers Limited parent company).

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

(a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.

(b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate, applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) **Capital Gains:**

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Conventional Balance Composite December 1, 2008 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Conventiona	al Balance Com	posite	Creation Date:	15-Apr-10	
Benchmark:	Refer to Benchma	ark Disclosure		Reporting Currency: Pak Rupees		
	Total Net Return (%)	Internal Dispersion (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	36.4	N/A	18	4,968	7.1	70,234
FY17	21.6	N/A	19	6,308	8.2	76,490
FY16	14.8	4.44	S17/m	4,371	Funds 8.1 dviso	53,854
FY15	23.5	3.53	12	2,295	5.4	42,838
FY14	16.9		12	2,445	5.8	41,848
FY13	29.8		<5	201	0.6	34,638
FY12	12.4		<5	88	0.2	47,792
FY11	20.1		<5	41	0.2	26,165
FY10	18.6		<5	31	0.2	19,874
FY09*	20.3		<5	20	0.1	23,777

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

(1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis and (2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following: (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Savings, Mutual Funds, Advisory,

Composite Description

The objective of the UBL Funds Conventional Balanced Composite is income and growth by investing in Domestic listed equities & Domestic fixed income instruments. Secondary objective is to grow the value of assets over the long-term. UBL Funds Conventional Balanced Composite currently comprises of Seventeen Separately Managed Accounts and UBL Asset Allocation Fund (UAAF).

Benchmark

Currently, no Benchmark has been assigned to UBL Funds Conventional Balanced Composite.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



- 1. The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs 5.9470 million for UAAF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.
- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

4. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 10.80mn million in UAAF as at December 31, 2017.

H EAU

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fees Schedule

Fees are charged as per different agreements as agreed with the clients.

UAAF

: 1%

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

	For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
	For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account
Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road,		Corporate Office : 8th Floor, Executive Tower, Dolmen City,
Civil Lines, Karachi,		Block 4, Clifton, Karachi.
Tel + 92 - 21 – 111 825262		Tel: +92-213-5290080-95



Internal Dispersion

Internal dispersion is calculated using the equal-weighted standard deviation of annual net returns of those portfolios that were included in the composite for the entire year.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows



Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite neither contains investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited nor UBL (UBL Fund Managers Limited Parent Company) as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262

UB2 Fund Managers

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment of Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment unless any SMA is recognized as tax-exempted by the Commissioner of Income Tax. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.



Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fund Managers Limited UBL Dynamic Allocation Composite December 20, 2012 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Dynan	UBL Dynamic Allocation Composite			20-Dec-12
			Re	porting Curren	cy: Pak Rupees
	Total Net Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	-7.4	27	3,019	4.3	70,234
FY17	22.3	25	2,470	3.2	76,490
FY16	3.2	6	342	0.6	53,854
FY15**	11.3	<5	33	0.1	42,838
1H'FY14	14.7	<5	38	0.1	34,057
FY'13*	33.3	<5	66	0.2	34,638

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The objective of the UBL Funds Dynamic Allocation Composite is income and growth by investing in Domestic listed equities & Domestic fixed income instruments. Secondary objective is to grow the value of assets over the long-term. UBL Dynamic Allocation Composite comprises of Twenty Six (26) SMA Portfolio's and UBL Conservative Allocation Plan (UCONAP) as at December 31, 2017.

Benchmark

Currently, no Benchmark has been assigned to UBL Funds Dynamic Composite.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fees Schedule

Fees are charged as per different agreements as agreed with the clients

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



For
Portfolio/FundRs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the
minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)For SMARs. 25 Million per Managed Account

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five for the entire (full) year therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Significant Event:

- 1) UBL Conservative Allocation Plan (Fund of Funds Scheme) launched on September 28, 2017 under UBL Financial Planning Fund;
- 2) The fund has made provision of SWWF w.e.f. inception. The provision against SWWF is Rs. 0.19mn as at December 31, 2017.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite as of each year end is as follows:

Saving Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	ds Adv
1HFY18	13.88%	

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established. Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite only contain investment of UBL Fund Managers Limited as at December 31, 2017.

Treatment of Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment unless any SMA is recognized as tax-exempted by the Commissioner of Income Tax. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fund Managers Limited UBL Equity Composite August 4, 2006 through December 31, 2017

Composite:		UBL Equity Composite			Creation Date:		15-Apr-10	
Benchmark:	KSE100 Index			Reporting Currency:			Pak Rupees	
	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Internal Dispersion (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)	
1HFY18	-13.8	-8.9	N/A	18	7,940	11.3	70,234	
FY17	31.2	23.2	N/A	13	9,115	11.9	76,490	
FY16	15.6	9.8	3.83	8	4,459	8.3	53,854	
FY15	25.2	16.0		6	3,091	7.2	42,838	
FY14	32.4	41.2	28/11	<5	1,972	H4.7 186	41,848	
FY13	55.6	52.2		<5	1,228	3.5	34,638	
FY12	12.4	10.4		<5	940	2.0	47,792	
FY11	35.5	28.5		<5	1,232	4.7	26,165	
FY10	24.1	35.7		<5	1,042	5.3	19,874	
FY09	-35.3	-41.7		<5	1,649	6.9	23,777	
FY08	-4.1	-10.8		<5	2,521	8.9	28,400	
FY07*	29.7	29.1		<5	1,254	5.3	23,515	

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

- (1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm -wide basis and
- (2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following: (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

UBL Funds Equity Composite includes Equity Portfolios with local equity and International Investment mandates that will aim to provide investors long-term capital appreciation by investing primarily in a mix of equities that offer capital gains and dividend yield potential. The Management Company will aim to maximize total returns and outperform its Benchmark. The composite currently comprises of United Stock Advantage Fund (USF), UBL Retirement Savings Fund – Equity Sub Fund (URSF-ESF) and Sixteen Separately Managed Account.

At times of high volatility or when the Fund Manager feels that equities as an asset class are in the over-valued zone, they may seek short term opportunities in authorized fixed income and money market instruments to reduce the risk profile of the composite and provide industry leading returns. This composite enables the investor with limited knowledge of direct investment in the equity market to attain diversification and capitalize on the professional fund management expertise available with UBL Fund Managers Limited.

Benchmark

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



The Benchmark of UBL Funds Equity composite is KSE - 100 Index and returns of Benchmark are not net of withholding taxes. The Portfolios in this composite also may have International Exposure, whereas Benchmark does not represent the same.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request

Significant Event

1. The Finance Act 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs. 0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honorable High Court of Sindh, challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter was taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds.

On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling he case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2011, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional and struck them down. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC will lend further support to the Constitutional Petition which is pending in the SHC. As the management is confident that the matter will be eventually settled in its favour and the WWF will not be levied on the Fund, no provision has been made in respect of any WWF liability.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs 35.341 million for USF as

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

However, fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 17.4444 million in URSF-ESF as at December 31, 2016.

- 2. In FY 2012, through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act 2011, general sales tax on fund management services has been imposed at the rate 16% effective July 1, 2011. Management fee charged during the period includes general sales tax.
- 3. Management Fee of the United Stock Advantage Fund included in this portfolio has been reduced to 2% from August 2011.
- 4. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

5. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs.49.38 million in USF and Rs. 13.12 million in URSF-ESF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Managers

Fees Schedule

Management Fee is 2% (USF) Management Fee is 1.5% (URSF-ESF)

Minimum Account Size

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.

Internal Dispersion

Internal dispersion is calculated using the equal-weighted standard deviation of annual net returns of those portfolios that were included in the composite for the entire year.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follow:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	15.97%	14.17%
FY17	15.04%	13.91%
FY16	15.27%	13.94%
FY15	15.19%	13.38%
FY14	15.53%	13.91%
FY13	15.37%	14.00%
FY12	16.81%	16.50%
FY11	22.39%	22.75%
FY10	24.01%	25.22%

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite only contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment for Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fixed Income Composite March 02, 2006 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Fixed	Income Compo	osite	Creation Date:		15-Apr-10	
Benchmark:	Benchmark: 6M Rolling Average of 6		M Kibor Reporting Currency		ncy:	Pak Rupees	
	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)	
1HFY18	1.8	1.5	<5	1,744	2.5	70,234	
FY17	6.6	6.2	<5	4,209	5.5	76,490	
FY16	11.8	7.0	<5	1,165	2.2	53,854	
FY15	11.9	10.0	Sa <5103	3,384	UN 7.9	42,838	
FY14	17.4	10.0	<5	3,762	9.0	41,848	
FY13	10.6	10.4	<5	3,740	10.8	34,638	
FY12	-12.3	12.7	<5	2,805	5.9	47,792	
FY11	-10.4	12.9	<5	3,431	13.1	26,165	
FY10	9.3	12.5	<5	7,343	36.9	19,874	
FY09	6.4	13.5	<5	15,859	66.7	23,777	
FY08	9.5	10.0	<5	14,626	51.5	28,400	
FY07	11.5	10.0	<5	11,479	48.8	23,515	

Compliance Statement

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

- (1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm -wide basis and
- (2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following: (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory.

Composite Description

UBL Funds Fixed Income Composite shall seek to provide its investors attractive daily returns from investment in low risk assets while maintaining comparatively high liquidity. In line with the investment objective UBL Funds Fixed Income Composite will invest in Government Securities, Investment grade Term Finance Certificates, rated Corporate Debt, Certificates of Investment, other money market instruments and other instruments. UBL Funds Fixed Income Composite initially comprises of United Money Market Fund (UMF) and United Growth and Income Funds (UGIF). However on June 29, 2009 both the Funds were merged and now it comprises of UGIF and UBL Income Opportunity Fund (UIOF).

Benchmark

The Benchmark of UBL Funds Fixed Income Composite is 6M Rolling Average of 6M Kibor. Prior to June 29, 2009 Benchmark returns of UGIF were 6 Month rolling average of 6 Month KIBOR and UMF 6 Month rolling average of 1 month KIBOR.

The Benchmark of UBL Income Opportunity Fund (UIOF) shall be based on 75% 6M Rolling average of 6M KIBOR & 25% average of 6M deposit rate of 3 banks rated A and above for the period of return. The Fund's performance will be compared to its benchmark

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



after deducting from the return all expenses which are charged to the Fund as per the Regulations.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

- 1. On June 29, 2009, UMF was merged into United Growth & Income Fund (UGIF). The Unit Holdings of all UMF investors (as of June 29, 2009) were converted to UGIF Income Units.
- Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan issued Circular number 1 Dated January 6, 2009 regarding Valuation of Debt Securities Provisioning Criteria of Non Performing Debt Securities. The Provisioning Policy of UBL Fund Managers Limited is in accordance of the same. The Debt securities held by Collective Investment Schemes managed by UBL Fund Managers Limited were marked down during the year 2008-2009. As of December 31, 2017, Rs. 1,081 million provisioning and mark to market adjustment were made in UGIF against NPA's and other corporate debt instruments, in conformity with the SECP circular 1 of 2009.
- 3. Further sale of units in United Growth & Income Fund was temporarily suspended on 12th October 2011.
- 4. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 6, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC.

During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC. Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF. The unrecognized amount of WWF as at May 29, 2013 amounts to Rs. 46.396 million and 0.138 million for UGIF and UFBF respectively.

However, considering the open ended nature of the Fund, the Board of Directors (BoD) of the Management Company in their meeting held on May 29, 2013, have decided that accumulated unrecorded WWF provision from the date of its application till May 29, 2013 will be borne by the Management Company subject to the court decision.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 19.1509 million for UGIF as at June 30, 2015 and Rs. 0.635 Million for UIOF Formerly (UFBF) as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

- 5. The management company is entitled to remuneration for services rendered to the Fund under the provisions of the NBFC Regulations, of an amount not exceeding 3 percent of the average annual net assets of the Fund and is paid in arrears on monthly basis during the first five years of the Fund's existence and thereafter an amount equal to 2 percent of such assets of the Fund. The management company charged remuneration at the rate of 1.5 percent per annum of the average daily net assets of the Fund during the period. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 6. As of June 30, 2015, the UBL Financial Sector Bond Fund (UFBF) has been removed from the composite since it does not qualify the criteria for inclusion in the composite as minimum portfolio size is less than Rs. 100 million. However, as at September 30, 2015, UFBF again included in the composite since minimum portfolio criteria has been met.
- 7. The Board of Directors of UBL Fund Managers Limited, the Management Company of UGIF has removed the temporary suspension on sale of units which was imposed on October 12, 2011 effective from **April 27, 2015.**

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



- 8. Effective from April 05, 2016, the Name of UBL Financial Sector Bond Fund (UFBF) has been changed to UBL Income Opportunity Fund (UIOF) vide SECP approval dated December 03, 2015. The Fund was converted into generic income scheme thereby investing in quality TFCs / Sukuk, Government Securities, Bank Deposits, and short and long term debt instruments.
- 9. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

10. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 9.17 million in UGIF and Rs. 0.41 million in UIOF as at December 31, 2017.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses. (Please refer to Schedule)

Fee Schedule	
Before Merger United Money Market Fund	1.5%
United Growth and Income Fund	1.5%
After Merger (applicable currently) Management Fee is	
United Growth & Income Fund	1.50%
UBL Income Opportunity Fund	1.50%
Minimum Portfolio Size	Managois
The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the comp	posite is as follows:
	Savings Mutual Funds Advisory
For Portfolio/ Fund	 Rs. 100 million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 million per Managed Account

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	1.83%	0.11%
2017	1.98%	0.08%
2016	2.82%	0.07%
2015	2.96%	0.04%
2014	8.92%	0.08%
2013	9.09%	0.06%
2012	9.02%	0.03%
2011	5.19%	0.04%
2010	4.42%	0.08%
2009	4.34%	0.09%

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established. Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Subjective Unobservable Inputs

UBL Fund Managers Limited uses subjective unobservable inputs for valuing some of its debt instruments i.e., Sukuks and Term Finance Certificates. The criteria used for valuation is in accordance with the Guidelines issued by Regulator through Circular 1 of 2009 (as amended from time to time) and unobservable inputs are disclosed through "Provisioning Policy" on the website of the company. The Provisioning Policy will also be made available to clients upon request.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite only contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax is chargeable at the rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend,

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law.

In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Islamic Balance Composite December 24, 2006 through December 31, 2017

	50% KMI In		Placement				
Benchmark:		50% KMI Index + 20% Avg Placement rate of 3 Islamic banks + 30% 6M Kibor		Reporting Currency:		Pak Rupees	
- 21	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)	
1HFY18	-3.6	-3.8	<5	7,855	11.2	70,234	
FY17	14.5	12.3	<5	7,866	10.3	76,490	
FY16	9.1	11.1	<5	2,235	4.2	53,854	
FY15	18.6	14.6	<5	1,155	2.7	42,838	
FY14***	5.6	6.6	<5	194	0.5	41,848	
1Q'FY13**	4.7	2.6	<5	551	1.4	44,793	
FY12	17.7	12.7	<5	531	1.1	47,792	
FY11	26.4	26.5	<5	478	1.8	26,165	
FY10	16.4	27.6	<5	524	2.6	19,874	
FY09	-18.4	-13.7	<5	823	3.5	23,777	
FY08	0.8	5.9	<5	1,218	4.3	28,400	
FY07*	14.8	13.3	<5	965	4.1	23,515	

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether

- (1) The firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm -wide basis and
- (2) The firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Funds Islamic Balanced Composite is to offer its investors an opportunity to invest in diversified Portfolio of Shariah Compliant investments with the objective of maximizing medium to long term returns for a given level of risk. The investments in the composite will be diversified both in terms of securities within an asset class as well as across asset classes. The composite would strictly follow Islamic Shariah in selection of investments under the supervision of its Shariah Advisory Board. Currently, the composite includes Al-Ameen Islamic Asset Allocation Fund (AIAAF) and one (1) Separately Managed Account.

Benchmark

The Benchmark of UBL Funds Islamic Balanced Composite is 50% KMI Index + 20% Avg Placement rate of 3 Islamic banks + 30% 6M Kibor

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



and returns of Benchmark are not net of withholding taxes. Benchmark was changed on 1st March 2010 from 50% DJIMPK Index + 20% 1Yr Placement rate of 3 Islamic banks + 30% 6M Kibor to 50% KMI Index + 20% Avg Placement rate of 3 Islamic banks + 30% 6M Kibor Since, DJIMPK index seize to exist.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of
this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes /mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5
million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to
WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition
has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to
the CISs, which is pending adjudication.

In July 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab -initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds. On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC. During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought on the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC. The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2%

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs.3.6459 million for AIAAF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

4. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 24.24 million in AIAAF as at December 31, 2017.

Managers

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Management Fee is 1.00% p.a.

Minimum Account Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is: Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	6.41%	8.21%
2017	5.47%	7.94%
1QFY13	11.20%	8.49%
2012	11.26%	8.56%
2011	13.85%	11.97%
2010	14.75%	13.01%

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established. Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Subjective Unobservable Inputs

UBL Fund Managers Limited uses subjective unobservable inputs for valuing some of its debt instruments i.e., Sukuks and Term Finance Certificates. The criteria used for valuation is in accordance with the Guidelines issued by Regulator through Circular 1 of 2009 (as amended from

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262 **Corporate Office :** 8th Floor, Executive Tower, Dolmen City, Block 4, Clifton, Karachi. Tel: +92-213-5290080-95

Managers



time to time) and unobservable inputs are disclosed through "**Provisioning Policy**" on the website of the company. The Provisioning Policy will also be made available to clients upon request.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite does not contain investment of UBL Fund Managers Limited and only contain investment of UBL (UBL Fund Managers Limited Parent Company) as at December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax stated, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment for Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment unless any SMA is recognized as tax-exempted by the Commissioner of Income Tax. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262 **Corporate Office :** 8th Floor, Executive Tower, Dolmen City, Block 4, Clifton, Karachi. Tel: +92-213-5290080-95

Advisorv



GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fund Managers Limited UBL Islamic Dynamic Allocation Composite August 6, 2015 through December 31, 2017

Composite:		UBL Islamic Dynamic Allocation Composite			6-Aug-15
	eenipeen.		Re	porting Curren	cy: Pak Rupees
21.1	Total Net Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	-9.9	9	15,293	21.8	70,234
FY17	22.6	9	13,094	17.1	76,490
FY16*	7.1	<5	7,998	14.9	53,854

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

- (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)
- (ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The objective of the UBL Islamic Dynamic Allocation Composite is to earn a potentially high return through active asset allocation between Islamic Equity scheme and Islamic Income scheme based on the Fund Manager's outlook on the asset classes. Currently, the composite comprises Funds i.e Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan - I (AIActAP-I), Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan - II (AIActAP-II), Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan – III, Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan – IV (AIAcTAP-IV), Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan – V (AIAcTAP-V) & Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan - VI (AIAcTAP-VI) under Al-Ameen Islamic Financial Planning Fund and Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan – VII (AIAcTAP-VII), Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan – VIII (AIAcTAP-VIII), Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan – IX (AIAcTAP-IX), Al-Ameen Islamic Conservative Allocation Plan (AICONAP) under Al-Ameen Islamic Financial Planning Fund-II and Two (2) Separately Managed Accounts.

Benchmark

No benchmark has been assigned to this composite.

List of Composites

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

1. The BoD resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, AIActAP-I has maintained provisions against Workers' Welfare Fund liability to the tune of Rs. 0.088 million as at June 30, 2015. However, 'Nil / Zero' WWF provision for AIActAP-II, III, IV & V. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

4. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and i)
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. Provision for SWWF liability has been made in following funds as at September 30, 2017. Details are:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



	Fund	Provision for SWWF (Rs. in million)	
	AIACTAP-III	8.58(till date of maturity)	
	ΑΙΑCΤΑΡ-ΙV	7.36	
	ΑΙΑCTAΡ-V	6.20	
	ΑΙΑCΤΑΡ-VΙ	3.64	
/LIB	AIACTAP-VII	0 2 2 2	2ers
	AIACTAP-VII	ungs Mutual Funds	Advisory
	ΑΙΑCTAP-ΙΧ	0	
	AICONAP	0.008	

- 5. Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan I (AIActAP-I) has matured on June 22, 2017.
- 6. Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan II (AIActAP-II) has matured on September 27, 2017.
- 7. Al-Ameen Islamic Active Allocation Plan III (AIActAP-III) has matured on December 22, 2017.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses. (Please refer to Schedule)

Fee schedule

The fee on the portfolio is based on the asset allocation between equity and money market/ fixed income funds which changes on daily basis. Further, Management Fee of 1% p.a. on the value of underlying Funds not managed by UBL Fund Managers.

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

	For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
	-	
-	For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark is not presented because 36 monthly returns are not available.

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Propriety Assets in the Composite

The Composite contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited (UBL Fund Managers Limited parent company) as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax stated, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fund Managers Limited UBL Islamic Equity Composite July 17, 2012 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Islami	UBL Islamic Equity Composite		Creation Date:		17-Jul-12	
Benchmark:	KMI-30 Inde	KMI-30 Index			псу:	Pak Rupees	
	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)	
1HFY18	-14.1	-9.1	<5	7,787	11.1	70,234	
FY17	29.3	18.8	<5	9,235	12.1	76,490	
FY16	13.8	15.5	<5	4,796	8.9	53,854	
FY15	28.3	20.1	<5	3,147	7.3	42,838	
FY14	34.9	29.9	<5	1,387	3.3	41,848	
FY'13*	43.6	48.2	<5	1,263	3.6	34,638	

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

UBL Funds Islamic Equity Composite includes shariah compliant equities that seek to maximize total returns and outperform its benchmark by investing in a combination of securities offering long term capital gains and dividend yield potential. The composite currently comprises of three portfolios i.e., Al-Ameen Shariah Stock Fund (ASSF), Al-Ameen Islamic Retirement Savings Fund - Equity Sub Fund (AIRSF-ESF) and Al-Ameen Islamic Dedicated Equity Fund (AIDEF).

Benchmark

The Benchmark of UBL Funds Islamic Equity composite is KMI - 30 Index and returns of Benchmark are not net of withholding taxes.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Events

1. As on July 17, 2012 the conversion form Islamic Balanced Fund to Islamic Equity Fund was affected and the portfolio was restructured. The name of the portfolio changed from United Composite Islamic fund (UCIF) to UBL Shariah Stock Fund (USSF) and accordingly, from July 18, 2012 the Islamic Equity Composite begun.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

2. Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan issued Circular number 1 Dated January 6, 2009 regarding Valuation of Debt Securities Provisioning Criteria of Non Performing Debt Securities. The Provisioning Policy of UBL Fund Managers Limited is in accordance of the same. The Debt securities held by Collective Investment Schemes managed by UBL Fund Managers Limited were marked down during the year 2008-9. As of March 31, 2013, Rs. 5.685 million provisioning and mark to market adjustment were made against NPA's and other corporate debt instruments, in conformity with the SECP circular 1 of 2009. Subsequent to conversion of category from Islamic Balanced to Islamic Equity, the investment in NPA was disposed-off and there was no provisioning held in ASSF.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



3. Management Fee of the Islamic Equity Fund Composite (previously UBL Islamic Balanced Fund) was reduced to 2% from 24th December 2011.

4. The Finance Act 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes /mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs. 0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honorable High Court of Sindh, challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand were also issued to several other mutual funds and the matter was taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds.

On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC.

Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2011, the Honourable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional and struck them down. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC will lend further support to the Constitutional Petition which is pending in the SHC. As the management is confident that the matter will be eventually settled in its favour and the WWF will not be levied on the Fund, no provision has been made in respect of any WWF liability.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs 50.5478 million for ASSF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



However, fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 16.0587 million in AIRSF-ESF as at December 31, 2016.

5. Effective from 01 July 2011, through Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act 2011, general sales tax on fund management services has been imposed at the rate 16% effective July 1, 2011. Management fee charged during the period includes general sales tax.

6. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

7. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 63.33 million in ASSF, Rs. 13.38 million in AIRSF-ESF and Rs. 64.13 million in AIDEF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fees Schedule

AIRSF-ESF

AIDEF

Management Fee is ASSF

: 2.00% : 1.5% : 2.00%

site is Managers **Minimum Account Size** The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)	Advisory
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.	

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	16.53%	15.21%
FY17	14.96%	15.52%
FY16	15.65%	15.50%

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite only contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited as at December 31, 2017 and does not contain any investment of UBL Bank Limited.

Liability for Income Tax

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

(a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.

(b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate, applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax year.



Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Islamic Income Composite October 20, 2007 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Islami	UBL Islamic Income Composite				15-Apr-10	
Benchmark:	Average 6N Islamic Bar	I Placement ra iks	te of 3	Reporting Currer	ncy:	Pak Rupees	
- 21	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)	
1HFY18	1.4	1.2	<5	1,458	2.1	70,234	
FY17	4.1	4.8	<5	1,478	1.9	76,490	
FY16	6.0	5.6	<5	1,274	2.4	53,854	
FY15	7.7	7.7	<5	1,296	3.0	42,838	
FY14	12.8	7.5	<5	1,669	4.0	41,848	
FY13	6.9	8.1	<5	595	1.7	34,638	
FY12	6.1	9.0	<5	313	0.7	47,792	
FY11	-4.0	7.8	<5	341	1.3	26,165	
FY10	5.4	7.7	<5	890	4.5	19,874	
FY09	3.3	8.7	<5	1,445	6.1	23,777	
FY08*	6.4	7.3	<5	1,814	6.4	28,400	

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

- (1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm -wide basis and
- (2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards. Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following: (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Funds Islamic Income Composite is to provide attractive returns to its investors by investing in Shariah Compliant Income instruments while taking into account capital security and liquidity considerations. The composite currently comprises of 2 funds .i.e. Al Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund (AIAIF) and Al Ameen Islamic Retirement Saving Fund - Debt Sub Fund (AIRSF-DSF).

The composite shall strive to take advantage of available opportunities in Shariah Compliant Income Instruments in order to realize a high level of total return from a diversified Portfolio. The composite shall not invest directly in equity securities or those instruments which add volatility to its performance.

Benchmark

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



The benchmark of the portfolio is Weighted average of 12 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks and returns of Benchmark are not net of withholding taxes. Previously; the benchmark of the portfolio was Weighted average of 6 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks and returns of Benchmark are not net of withholding taxes

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

- Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan issued Circular number 1 Dated January 6, 2009 regarding Valuation of Debt Securities Provisioning Criteria of Non Performing Debt Securities. The Provisioning Policy of UBL Fund Managers Limited is in accordance of the same. The Debt securities held by Collective Investment Schemes managed by UBL Fund Managers Limited were marked down during the year 2008-9. As of September 30, 2017, Rs. 167.9794 Million provisioning and mark to market adjustment were made in AIAIF against NPA's and other corporate debt instruments, in conformity with the SECP circular 1 of 2009.
- 2. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds.

On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC.

During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC. Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF. The unrecognized amount of WWF as at March 31, 2013 is Rs. 3.717million.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs 3.7127 million for AIAIF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

However, fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 1.0309million in AIRSF-DSF as at December 31, 2016.

- 3. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 4. Effective from April 2011 the benchmark of the composite was changed from weighted average of 6 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks to weighted average of 12 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks.
- 5. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



6. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 1.73 million in AIAIF and Rs.0.82 million in AIRSF-DSF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Management Fee is: AIAIF: 1.5% p.a AIRSF – DSF: 1.5% p.a

Minimum Account Size

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the Minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account

Internal Dispersion

Since, number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	0.71%	0.10%
2017	0.74%	0.07%
2016	1.41%	0.05%
2015	2.03%	0.02%
2014	9.39%	0.02%
2013	10.21%	0.03%
2012	10.13%	0.03%
2011	6.95%	0.03%

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Subjective Unobservable Inputs

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

UBL Fund Managers Limited uses subjective unobservable inputs for valuing some of its debt instruments i.e., Sukuks and Term Finance Certificates. The criteria used for valuation is in accordance with the Guidelines issued by Regulator through Circular 1 of 2009 (as amended from time to time) and unobservable inputs are disclosed through **"Provisioning Policy"** on the website of the company. The Provisioning Policy will also be made available to clients upon request.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite does not contain any investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax stated the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Withholding Tax Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment for Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.



Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Islamic Income Composite October 20, 2007 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Islami	UBL Islamic Income Composite				15-Apr-10	
Benchmark:	Average 6N Islamic Bar	I Placement ra iks	te of 3	Reporting Currer	ncy:	Pak Rupees	
- 21	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)	
1HFY18	1.4	1.2	<5	1,458	2.1	70,234	
FY17	4.1	4.8	<5	1,478	1.9	76,490	
FY16	6.0	5.6	<5	1,274	2.4	53,854	
FY15	7.7	7.7	<5	1,296	3.0	42,838	
FY14	12.8	7.5	<5	1,669	4.0	41,848	
FY13	6.9	8.1	<5	595	1.7	34,638	
FY12	6.1	9.0	<5	313	0.7	47,792	
FY11	-4.0	7.8	<5	341	1.3	26,165	
FY10	5.4	7.7	<5	890	4.5	19,874	
FY09	3.3	8.7	<5	1,445	6.1	23,777	
FY08*	6.4	7.3	<5	1,814	6.4	28,400	

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

- (1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm -wide basis and
- (2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards. Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following: (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Funds Islamic Income Composite is to provide attractive returns to its investors by investing in Shariah Compliant Income instruments while taking into account capital security and liquidity considerations. The composite currently comprises of 2 funds .i.e. Al Ameen Islamic Aggressive Income Fund (AIAIF) and Al Ameen Islamic Retirement Saving Fund - Debt Sub Fund (AIRSF-DSF).

The composite shall strive to take advantage of available opportunities in Shariah Compliant Income Instruments in order to realize a high level of total return from a diversified Portfolio. The composite shall not invest directly in equity securities or those instruments which add volatility to its performance.

Benchmark

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



The benchmark of the portfolio is Weighted average of 12 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks and returns of Benchmark are not net of withholding taxes. Previously; the benchmark of the portfolio was Weighted average of 6 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks and returns of Benchmark are not net of withholding taxes

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

- Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan issued Circular number 1 Dated January 6, 2009 regarding Valuation of Debt Securities Provisioning Criteria of Non Performing Debt Securities. The Provisioning Policy of UBL Fund Managers Limited is in accordance of the same. The Debt securities held by Collective Investment Schemes managed by UBL Fund Managers Limited were marked down during the year 2008-9. As of September 30, 2017, Rs. 167.9794 Million provisioning and mark to market adjustment were made in AIAIF against NPA's and other corporate debt instruments, in conformity with the SECP circular 1 of 2009.
- 2. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds.

On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC.

During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC. Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF. The unrecognized amount of WWF as at March 31, 2013 is Rs. 3.717million.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs 3.7127 million for AIAIF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

However, fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 1.0309million in AIRSF-DSF as at December 31, 2016.

- 3. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 4. Effective from April 2011 the benchmark of the composite was changed from weighted average of 6 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks to weighted average of 12 Month deposit rates of 3 different Islamic Banks.
- 5. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



6. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 1.73 million in AIAIF and Rs.0.82 million in AIRSF-DSF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Management Fee is: AIAIF: 1.5% p.a AIRSF – DSF: 1.5% p.a

Minimum Account Size

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the Minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account

Internal Dispersion

Since, number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	0.71%	0.10%
2017	0.74%	0.07%
2016	1.41%	0.05%
2015	2.03%	0.02%
2014	9.39%	0.02%
2013	10.21%	0.03%
2012	10.13%	0.03%
2011	6.95%	0.03%

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Subjective Unobservable Inputs

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

UBL Fund Managers Limited uses subjective unobservable inputs for valuing some of its debt instruments i.e., Sukuks and Term Finance Certificates. The criteria used for valuation is in accordance with the Guidelines issued by Regulator through Circular 1 of 2009 (as amended from time to time) and unobservable inputs are disclosed through **"Provisioning Policy"** on the website of the company. The Provisioning Policy will also be made available to clients upon request.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite does not contain any investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax stated the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Withholding Tax Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment for Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.



Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fund Managers Limited UBL Islamic Liquid Composite September 18, 2012 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Islamic	UBL Islamic Liquid Composite				31-Mar-13	
Benchmark:		3 months plac ee Islamic Ban		Reporting Currency: Pak Rupees		Pak Rupees	
	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)	
1HFY18	2.3	0.6	<5	3,885	5.5	70,234	
FY17	3.7	3.2	<5	4,162	5.4	76,490	
FY16	4.8	5.2	<5	519	1.0	53,854	
FY15	6.5	7.2	5 ~ 5	1,046	2.4	42,838	
FY14	6.5	7.3	<5	283	0.7	41,848	
FY'13*	5.2	5.4	<5	138	0.4	34,638	

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



- (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)
- (ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Islamic Liquid Composite is to provide high liquidity and competitive returns while seeking maximum possible preservation of capital by investing in low risk and liquid Shariah Compliant instruments. The composite primarily invests in short term government holding. Currently, the composite comprises of two Portfolios i.e. Al-Ameen Islamic Cash Fund (AICF) (Formerly; UBL Islamic Cash Fund (UICF) and Al-Ameen Islamic Retirement Saving Fund-Money Market Sub Fund (AIRSF-MMSF) (Formerly; UBL Islamic Retirement Savings Fund-Money Market Sub Fund (AIRSF-MMSF).

Benchmark

The benchmark of the composite is average of 3 Months Placement Rate of 3 Islamic Banks (with AA or better banks)

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request. Saying subjutual Funds Advisory

Significant Event

1. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 6, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds.

On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC.

During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC.

Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF and, hence, provision in respect of WWF has not been made by the management. The unrecognized amount of WWF as on March 31, 2013 is Rs. 0.0118 million. The accumulated provision for WWF till May 29, 2013 amounted to Rs 0.0136 million. The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. The accumulated provision for WWF amounted to Rs 6.4513 million for AICF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

However, fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 0.5320 million in AIRSF-MMSF as at December 31, 2016.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. Al Ameen Islamic Retirement Saving Fund- Money Market Sub Fund was added 31 March 2014.
- 4. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan. Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

5. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 7.27 million in ACIF and Rs. 0.45 million in AIRSF-MMSF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule AICF: AIRSF –MMSF:

1.00% 1.50%

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows

/I II	11	ACT IN NO.	lonac	anc
UE	Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev Sau (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)	dvisory
-	1HFY18	0.18%	0.10%	
-	FY17	0.19%	0.09%	
-	FY16	0.19%	0.05%	

.

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite does not contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited (UBL Fund Managers Limited parent company) as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate, applicable to a public company.

The income of the newly added portfolio, being a pension fund, is exempt from Income Tax under clause 57(3) (viii) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Funs under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37 (A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Fund Managers Limited UBL Islamic Principal Preservation Composite April 26, 2013 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Islami Composite	c Principal Pi	reservation Cr	eation Date:	26-Apr-13
			Re	eporting Currence	cy: Pak Rupees
21.17	Total Net Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
***1HFY18	-0.5	<5	273	0.4	70,234
**FY17	15.5	<5	0	0	76,490
FY16	3.8	<5	2,211	4.1	53,854
FY15	12.4	6 3 H V	6,478	15.1	42,838
FY14	22.9	<5	2,150	5.1	41,848
FY'13*	7,45	<5	770	2.2	34,638

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of the composite is to earn potentially high returns through dynamic asset allocation between Equity mutual funds and Money Market/ fixed income based funds while providing capital protection of the Initial Investment Value, at completion of the duration of the fund.

The Management envisages the provision of 100% Principal Protection through the use of the Constant Proportion Portfolio Insurance (CPPI) Methodology. The CPPI Methodology is an internationally recognized, tried and tested methodology with a highly versatile and flexible framework, which allocates the Portfolio between equity and fixed income in a manner that increases exposure to equity as Portfolio value increases and reduces exposure to equity as Portfolio value decreases. The composite currently consist of only Two (2) Separately Managed Accounts (SMAs).

Benchmark

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

No benchmark has been assigned to this composite.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

 The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes /mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



In July 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab -initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds. On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC. During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought on the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC. The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs.5.7948 million, Rs. 7.0367 million, 3.7189 million and Rs. Nil / Zero for AIPPF-II, AIPPF-III, AIPPF-IV & AIPPF-V respectively as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. Al Ameen Islamic Principal Preservation Fund- I (AIPPF-I) has been matured on April 27, 2015,
- 4. Al-Ameen Islamic Principal Preservation Fund- II (AIPPF-II) has been matured on November 06, 2015
- 5. Al-Ameen Islamic Principal Preservation Fund-III (AIPPF-III) has been matured on June 19, 2016.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



- 6. Al-Ameen Islamic Principal Preservation Fund-IV (AIPPF-IV) has been matured on October 15, 2016.
- 7. Al-Ameen Islamic Principal Preservation Fund-V (AIPPF-V) has been matured on December 25, 2016.
- 8. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

9. Levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) not applicable as all principal preservation series had been matured before effective date of application of SWWF i.e. January 12, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses. (Please refer to Schedule)

Fee schedule

The fee on the portfolio is based on the asset allocation between equity and money market/ fixed income funds which changes on daily basis. Further, Management Fee of 1% p.a. on the value of underlying Funds not managed by UBL Fund Managers.

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark is as follows:

Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)
FY17	9.14%
FY16	10.24%

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Propriety Assets in the Composite

The Composite does not contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited (UBL Fund Managers Limited parent

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



company) as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax stated, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment for Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.



Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Islamic Savings Composite November 07, 2010 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Islamic Savings Composite Average of 6M Placement rates of 3 Islamic Banks			Creation Date:		07-Nov-10
Benchmark:				Reporting Currency:		Pak Rupees
	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	1.2	1.2	<5	758	1.1	70,234
FY17	4.0	4.8	58 <mark><5</mark> 93	1,311	1.7 A	76,490
FY16	4.4	5.6	<5	2,131	4.0	53,854
FY15	6.2	7.7	<5	1,365	3.2	42,838
FY14	8.1	7.5	<5	3,592	8.6	41,848
FY13	9.1	6.9	<5	4,092	11.8	34,638
FY12	11.4	7.8	<5	3,478	7.3	47,792
FY11*	7.6	4.8	<5	2,185	8.4	26,165

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

(1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis and(2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Savings, Mutual Funds, Advisory

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Islamic Savings Composite is to provide investors competitive returns by investing in low risk short duration assets while maintaining high liquidity. The composite primarily invests in money market instruments and government holding. Currently, the composite comprise of one Portfolio i.e. Al-Ameen Islamic Sovereign Fund (AISF) (Formerly; UBL Islamic Sovereign Fund (UISF) (formerly; UBL Islamic Savings Fund).

Benchmark

Benchmark is Average of 6M Placement rates of 3 Islamic Banks.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

1. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes /mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. In July 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010, Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab -initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds. On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC. During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought on the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC. Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs 7.6352 million for AISF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

- 4. The portfolio has been reconstituted from Islamic Income Fund to Islamic Government Securities Fund.
- 5. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 4.14 million in AISF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Fund: AISF: 1.00%

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Internal Dispersion

Since number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	0.65%	0.10%
FY17	0.61%	0.07%
FY16	0.52%	0.05%
FY15	0.43%	0.02%
FY14	0.30%	0.02%

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established. Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite as of December 31, 2017 does not contain any investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and UBL Bank Limited (UBL Fund Managers Limited parent company).

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate, applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely,

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Liquid Composite July 1, 2009 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Liquid	Composite		Creation Date:		15-Apr-10
Benchmark:	50% 3M PK AA bank)	RV + 50% 3M ⊺	TDR (with	Reporting Currer	ісу:	Pak Rupees
- 21	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	2.6	1.4	<5	6,893	9.8	70,234
FY17	5.8	5.7	<5	5,287	6.9	76,490
FY16	5.4	6.1	<5	4,195	7.8	53,854
FY15	8.3	8.6	<5	5,664	13.2	42,838
FY14	8.0	9.3	<5	11,900,	28.4	41,848
FY13	8.9	8.2	<5	15,610	45.1	34,638
FY12	11.4	9.8	<5	27,897	58.4	47,792
FY11	11.9	10.3	<5	15,773	60.3	26,165
FY10	10.6	8.5	<5	7,967	40.1	19,874

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the period July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

- (1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis and
- (2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

- (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)
- (ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Funds Liquid Composite is to provide investors competitive returns by investing in low risk short duration assets while maintaining high liquidity. The composite primarily invests in money market instruments and government holding. Currently, the composite comprises of three Portfolios i.e. UBL Liquidity Plus Fund (ULPF), UBL Retirement Savings Fund-Money Markey Sub Fund (URSF-MMSF) and UBL Money Market Fund (UMMF) *Formerly* UBL Savings Income Fund which category has been changed from Income Scheme to Money Market Scheme with the approval of Securities and Exchange

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Commission of Pakistan effective from May 23rd 2014.

Benchmark

Benchmark is a combination of 50% PKRV average Yields for 3 months & 50% 3M TDR with AA or above rated bank for ULPF and 75% 3M PKRV + 25% 3M TDR (with AA or above rated banks)

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

1. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes / mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year ended June 30, 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 6, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds.

On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC.

During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar constitutional petition relating to the amendments

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC.

Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF and, hence, provision in respect of WWF has not been made by the management.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 28.3860 million and 4.7818 million for ULPF & UMMF respectively as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

However, fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 1.4648 million in URSF-MMSF as at December 31, 2016.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



- 4. During the quarter (effective from November 09, 2017) the Management Fee of ULPF has been changed. The change / revision in Management Fee is within the limit as permitted under the NBFC Regulations, 2008.
- 5. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 6.73 million in ULPF, Rs. 1.73 million in UMMF and Rs. 1.17 million in URSF-MMSF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Management Fee of UBL Funds Liquidity Composite is: **ULPF**

:7.5% of all gross earnings (with min. fee of 0.25% p.a. & max. fee of 1% p.a.) : 1.50% : 1.00 %

URSF-MMSF UMMF

Note: Management Fee reduced in ULPF w.e.f. November 20, 2017.

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fun		
	minimum regulatory requirement to start a	NO SHOW
	fund)	10-11
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account	

Internal Dispersion

Since, number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	0.49%	0.09%
2017	0.49%	0.07%

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



2016	0.18%	0.08%
2015	0.22%	0.04%
2014	0.21%	0.06%
2013	0.20%	1.03%
2012	0.26%	0.35%

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite does not contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and only contain investment of UBL Bank Limited (UBL Fund Managers Limited Parent Company) as of December 31, 2017.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 - 21 - 111 825262



Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

The income of the newly added portfolio, being a pension fund, is exempt from Income Tax under clause 57(3)(viii) of Part I of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Funds under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Savings Mutual Funds Advisory.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Principal Protected Composite July 01, 2009 to December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Principle F	Protected Comp	osite	Creation Date:		15-Apr-10
Benchmark:	Refer to Bench	mark disclosure	:	Reporting Curr	ency:	Pak Rupees
	Total Net Return (%)	Internal Dispersion (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	-3.1	N/A	9	2,124	3.0	70,234
FY17	16.6	N/A	9	2,056	2.7	76,490
FY16	10.2	3.23	14	2,067	3.8	53,854
FY15	12.3	4.69	14	4,111	9.6	42,838
FY14	20.5		6	3,512	8.4	41,848
FY13	39.4		<5	689	2	34,638
FY12	10.9		<5	504	1.1	47,792
FY11	8.8		<5	608	2.3	26,165
FY10	19.5		<5	887	4.4	19,874

Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

(1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis and(2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following: (i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans)

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of the composite is to earn potentially high returns through dynamic asset allocation between Equity mutual funds and Money Market/ fixed income based funds while providing capital protection of the Initial Investment Value, at completion of the duration of the fund.

The Management envisages the provision of 100% Principal Protection through the use of the Constant Proportion Portfolio Insurance (CPPI) Methodology. The CPPI Methodology is an internationally recognized, tried and tested methodology with a highly versatile and flexible framework, which allocates the Portfolio between equity and fixed income in a manner that increases exposure to equity as Portfolio value increases and reduces exposure to equity as Portfolio value decreases. Currently, the composite consists of Nine (9) Separately Managed Accounts (SMAs).

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



Benchmark

No benchmark has been assigned to this composite.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses. (Please refer to Schedule)

Fee schedule

The fee on the portfolio is based on the asset allocation between equity and money market/ fixed income funds which changes on daily basis.

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account

Internal Dispersion

Internal dispersion is calculated using the equal-weighted standard deviation of annual net returns of those portfolios that were included in the composite for the entire year.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	8.31%
2017	8.60%
2016	9.39%
2015	10.22%
2014	10.48%
2013	8.94%
2012	7.66%

Significant Event:

1. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of this amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes /mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WWF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication.

In July 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab -initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds. On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC. During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar constitutional petition relating to the amendments brought on the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 4.3381 million and Rs 4.8273 million for UPPF-II and UPPF-III respectively as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. UBL Principal Protected Fund I (UPPF-I) has matured as on 3rd Feb' 14,
- 4. UBL Principal Protected Fund II (UPPF-II) has matured as on July 22, 2015.
- 5. UBL Principal Protected Fund III (UPPF-III) has matured as on March 05, 2016.
- 6. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan. Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

7. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

- i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and
- ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

The recording of provision for SWWF not applicable, as none of the Funds (including VPS) fall in this composite.

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis. Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Propriety Assets in the Composite

The Composite does not contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited and investment of UBL (UBL Fund Managers Limited parent company) as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37 (A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Treatment for Separately Managed Discretionary Account (SMA):

The SMA shall be liable for payment withholding tax and other taxes on the investment amount and on returns or growth of investment. The Investment Adviser shall be responsible for complying with the requirements of law with regard to any deductions at source.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262



UBL Fund Managers Limited GIPS Compliant Presentation UBL Savings Composite October 14, 2010 through December 31, 2017

Composite:	UBL Saving	gs Composite		Creation Date:		14-Oct-10
Benchmark:	Average of	6M KIBOR		Reporting Curre	ıcy:	Pak Rupees
- 71	Total Net Return (%)	Benchmark Return (%)	Number of Portfolios	Total Assets at end of Period (mn)	Percentage of Firm's assets (%)	Total Assets of the Firm at end of Period (mn)
1HFY18	2.2	1.5	<5	2,677	3.8	70,234
FY17	4.8	6.2	<5	3,227	4.2	GVISOT 76,490
FY16	9.0	6.6	<5	13,616	25.3	53,854
FY15	15.5	9.3	<5	5,330	12.4	42,838
FY14	7.95	10.2	<5	5,448	13.0	41,848
FY13	9.6	9.8	<5	4,401	12.7	34,638
FY12	12.1	12.2	<5	10,173	21.4	47,792
FY11*	8.4	9.3	<5	2,151	8.2	26,165
* Returns since 14 th Octobe	r, 2010					

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Compliance Statement

UBL Fund Managers Ltd claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS®) and has prepared and presented this report in compliance with the GIPS standards. UBL Fund Managers Ltd has been independently verified by KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. for the periods July 2011 to June 2012. The verification report(s) is available upon request. Verification assesses whether;

(1) the firm has complied with all the composite construction requirements of the GIPS standards on a firm-wide basis and(2) the firm's policies and procedures are designed to calculate and present performance in compliance with the GIPS standards.

Verification does not ensure the accuracy of any specific composite presentation.

Definition of the Firm

UBL Fund Managers Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of United Bank Limited licensed by SECP to undertake asset management and investment advisory services. The definition of Firm at UBL Fund Managers Limited encompasses the following:

(i) All Funds under Management (including investment plans) Savings Mutual Funds Advisory

(ii) All Non-Fee Paying and Fee Paying and Discretionary and Non-Discretionary Portfolios.

Policies

UBL Fund Managers Limited policies for valuing Portfolios, calculating performance, and preparing compliant presentations are available upon request.

Composite Description

The investment objective of UBL Savings Composite is to provide investors competitive returns by investing in low risk short duration assets while maintaining high liquidity. The composite primarily invests in money market instruments and government holding. Currently, the composite comprise of one Portfolio i.e. UBL Government Securities Fund (UGSF). Further, UBL Saving Income Fund has been categorized as "Money Market Scheme" with the approval of Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan effective from May 23rd 2014.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Benchmark Benchmark is Average of 6M KIBOR.

List of Composites

A list of all composite descriptions is available upon request.

Significant Event

1. The Finance Act, 2008 introduced an amendment to the Workers' Welfare Fund Ordinance, 1971 (WWF Ordinance). As a result of his amendment it may be construed that all Collective Investment Schemes /mutual funds (CISs) whose income exceeds Rs.0.5 million in a tax year, have been brought within the scope of the 'WWF Ordinance, thus rendering them liable to pay contribution to WF at the rate of two percent of their accounting or taxable income, whichever is higher. In this regard, a constitutional petition has been filed by certain CISs through their trustees in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (SHC), challenging the applicability of WWF to the CISs, which is pending adjudication. In July 2010, a clarification was issued by the Ministry of Labour and Manpower (the Ministry) which stated that mutual funds are not liable to contribute to WWF on the basis of their income. This clarification was forwarded by Federal Board of Revenue (FBR) (being the collecting agency of WWF on behalf of the Ministry) to its members for necessary action through letter dated October 06, 2010. Based on this clarification, the FBR also withdrew notice of demand which it had earlier issued to one of the mutual funds for collection of WWF. Notices of demand have also been issued to several other mutual funds and the matter has been taken up by the respective mutual funds with the FBR for their withdrawal on the basis of the above referred clarification of the Ministry. However, the Secretary (Income Tax Policy) Federal Board of Revenue vide letter dated January 04, 2011 subsequently cancelled ab-initio the clarification letter dated October 06, 2010 on applicability of WWF on mutual funds. On December 14, 2010, the Ministry had filed its response against the constitutional petition requesting the SHC to dismiss the petition. According to the legal counsel who is handling the case, there is a contradiction between the aforementioned clarification issued by the Ministry and the response filed by the Ministry in the SHC. During the current period, the Honorable Lahore High Court (LHC) in a similar Constitutional Petition relating to the amendments brought in the WWF Ordinance, 1971 through the Finance Act, 2006, and the Finance Act, 2008, has declared the said amendments as unlawful and unconstitutional. The Management Company is hopeful that the decision of the LHC, will lend further support to the constitutional petition which is pending in the SHC.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Based on the above, the Management Company believes that the Fund is not liable to contribute to WWF and, hence, provision in respect of WWF has not been made by the management.

The BoD further resolved that with effect from May 30, 2013, the Fund will make provision on account of WWF at the rate of 2% of net accounting income under the WWF Ordinance, 1971. Accordingly, the fund has recorded a provision for WWF of Rs. 19.5056 million for UGSF as at June 30, 2015. Further, consequent to amendments in tax laws through Finance Act 2015, where Mutual Funds & Collective Investment Schemes have been excluded from the definition of "Industrial Establishment", no provision for WWF has been provided after June 30, 2015.

- 2. Effective from 01 July 2011, Sindh Revenue Board under Sindh Sales Tax on Services Act, 2011 has applied Sales Tax on all services rendered by Non-Banking Financial Institution. The Sales Tax is being charged @16% on Management Fee paid/payable to the Management Company.
- 3. On 30 June 2016, the Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan has passed the Judgment that after 18th amendment in Constitution of Pakistan the Provinces alone have the legislative power to levy a tax on rendering or providing services therefore chargeability and collection of Federal Excise Duty (FED) after 01 July 2011 is Ultra Vires to the Constitution of Pakistan. The Management Company as a matter of abundant caution has not reversed the provision of FED, as the Federal Board of Revenue could file an appeal with Honorable Supreme Court of Pakistan against the Judgment passed by Honorable Sindh High Court of Pakistan.

Furthermore, after the promulgation of Finance Act, 2016 FED is no longer applicable to Collective Investment Scheme with effect from July 01, 2016.

4. Further, as a consequence of the 18th amendment to the Constitution, levy for Sindh Workers' Welfare Fund (SWWF) was also introduced by the Government of Sindh through the Sindh Workers Welfare Fund Act 2014 (SWWF Act 2014). SWWF Act 2014, enacted on May 21, 2015, requires every Industrial Establishment located in the province of Sindh and having total income of Rs. 500,000 or more in any year of account commencing on or after the date of closing of account on or after December 31, 2013, to pay two percent of its total income declared to SWWF. The said Act includes any concern engaged in the Banking or Financial Institution in the definition of "Industrial Undertaking" but does not define Financial Institution. The Management Company, based on an opinion obtained by the Mutual Fund Association of Pakistan (MUFAP), believed that Mutual Funds are not liable to pay SWWF under the said law, for the reason that the Mutual Funds are not financial institutions.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



and rather an investment vehicle. However, the Sindh Revenue Board has not accepted the said position of MUFAP and as a result, MUFAP has taken up this matter with the Sindh Finance Ministry for resolution.

In view of the above, MUFAP obtained a legal opinion on the applicability of WWF and SWWF on Mutual Funds, and based on such legal advice, recommended to all its members through letter dated January 12, 2017 the following:

i) The provision against the WWF held by the Mutual Funds till June 30, 2015 should be reversed on January 12, 2017; and

ii) Provision against SWWF, on prudent basis, should be made from the date of enactment of the SWWF Act, 2014 (i.e., May 21, 2015) with effect from January 12, 2017.

Accordingly, the Fund has recorded these adjustments in its books of account on January 12, 2017. Based on which the provision against WWF has been reversed and provision related to SWWF has been recorded. The provision against SWWF has been charged to the tune of Rs. 15.91 million in UGSF as at December 31, 2017.

Fees

Returns are presented net of all expenses (including custodial expenses, SECP fee, Listing fee) in addition to the Management Fee and Trading Expenses.

Fee Schedule

Management Fee of UGSF is: 1.25%

Minimum Portfolio Size

The Minimum Portfolio size for inclusion in the composite is as follows:

For Portfolio/Fund	Rs.100 Million per Fund (which is also the minimum regulatory requirement to start a fund)
For SMA	Rs. 25 Million per Managed Account

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Internal Dispersion

Since, the number of Portfolios in the composite is less than five therefore calculation of internal dispersion is not required.

Ex-Post Standard Deviation

The three-year annualized ex-post standard deviation of the composite and Benchmark as of each year end is as follows:

Year	Composite 3-Yr St Dev (%)	Benchmark 3-Yr St Dev (%)
1HFY18	1.19%	0.10%
FY17	1.44%	0.08%
FY16	1.54%	0.08%
FY15	1.43%	0.05%
FY14	0.74%	

Key Assumption for Portfolio valuation

Following are key assumption used in Portfolio valuation:

Financial instruments

All the financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Portfolio becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows related to the asset expire. Financial liabilities are derecognized when they are extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss on derecognizing of the financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the income statement in the period in which it arises.

Revenue recognition

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Gains / (losses) arising on sale of investments are accounted for in the period in which they arise. Dividend income is recognized when the right to receive the dividend is established.

Income on reverse repurchase, certificates of investment, placements, government securities and investments in debt securities are recognized at rate of return implicit in the instrument/ arrangement on a time proportionate basis.

Profit on bank deposits is recorded on accrual basis.

Proprietary Assets in the Composite

The Composite only contain investments of UBL Fund Managers Limited as of December 31, 2017.

Liability for Income Tax

Under the income tax law in Pakistan, the Fund is regarded as a public company for tax purposes. The income of the Fund is taxable, if 90% distribution is not made among the unit holders, certificate holders or shareholders as the case may be. The tax rate applicable to a public company, which is presently as under:

- (a) Dividend income is taxable at the applicable tax rate as provided in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for public companies on gross income basis.
- (b) Capital gains arising on sale of securities, listed on any stock exchange in Pakistan at applicable tax rates in accordance with the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001;

Return from all other sources/instruments are taxable at the rate applicable to a public company.

Liability for Income Tax, if ninety per cent (90%) of the Fund's income is paid as dividend

Notwithstanding the tax rates and withholding tax, the income of the Fund will be exempt from tax, if not less than ninety per cent (90%) of the income for the year is distributed amongst the Unit Holders as dividend. This includes only cash dividend as consequent to amendments in Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 through Finance Act, 2014, for the purpose of determining distribution of at least 90% of accounting income, the income distributed through bonus shares, units or certificates as the case may be, shall not be taken into account. The ninety per cent (90%) of the income shall be calculated after excluding capital gains and as reduced by such expenses as are chargeable to the Fund under the

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 - 111 825262



Regulations.

Withholding Tax

Under the provisions of Clause 47(B) of Part 4 of the Second Schedule to the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the Fund's income namely, dividend, profit on government securities, return on deposits/certificates of investment with banks/financial institutions, profits from money market transactions, profit from Profit or Loss sharing accounts with Banks of the Fund will not be subject to any withholding tax.

Taxation of Unit Holders and Liability to Zakat

(a) Withholding Tax:

Unless exempted from such taxation or at a reduced rate under any law or Avoidance of Double Taxation Agreement, cash dividend paid to Unit holders of the Fund will be subject to withholding tax as per the prevailing tax law. In terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, the withholding tax shall be deemed to be full and final liability in respect of such distribution.

(b) Capital Gains:

Capital Gains arising on disposition of Units of the Fund will be subject to withholding Capital Gains Tax (CGT) at the applicable rates given in the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (ITO). There shall be no CGT, if holding period is more than 48 months (4 years). As per section 37(A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001, Capital gains shall be treated as a separate block of income and losses under this head can be adjusted by the unit holder from the capital gains in the same tax year. Any unadjusted loss under this head is not allowed to be carried forward to the subsequent tax years.

Head Office : 4th floor, STSM Building, Beaumont Road, Civil Lines, Karachi, Tel + 92 -21 – 111 825262